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(71) Applicant(s)

General Mills Inc (Incorporated in USA - Delaware) Number One General Mills Boulevard, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55426, United States of America

(72) Inventor(s)

Gary S Bachand Soumya Roy Jeffrey A Taylor Craig E Zimmermann

(74) Agent and/or Address for Service
Frank B Dehn & Co.
179 Queen Victoria Street, LONDON, EC4V 4EL,
United Kingdom

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US 5853836 A US 3798343 A

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(54) Abstract Title
Rolled food item

(57) A method for making a rolled food item 110 comprises the steps of providing a strip of support material 16 and food 14, spraying moisture at least on the edge of food that will constitute the centre of the roll 136, and then rolling the strip into a roll with the support material on the outside of the roll. The food may be a sweetened dehydrated fruit based material, and the support material is preferably silicon parchment paper. The moisture sprayed onto the food is preferably food grade water free of adhesive type additives.

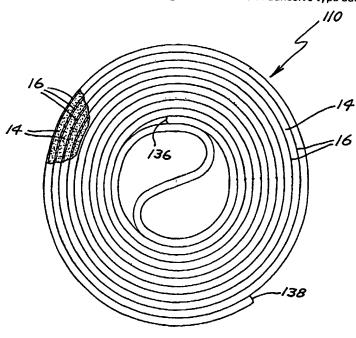


FIG. 8

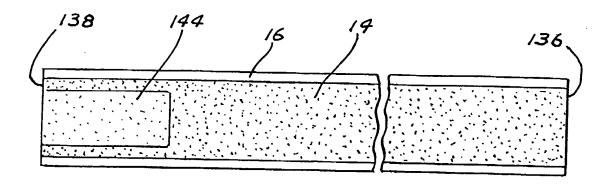


FIG. I

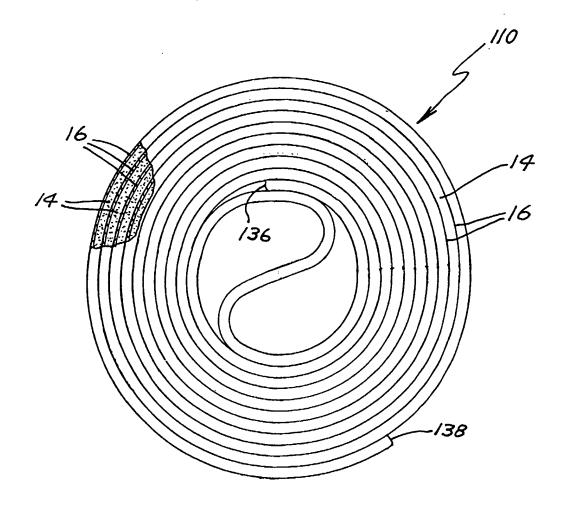


FIG. 2

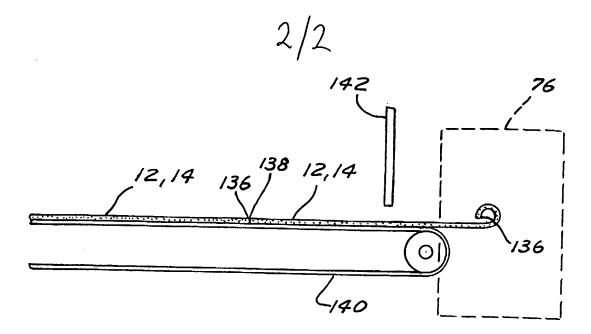
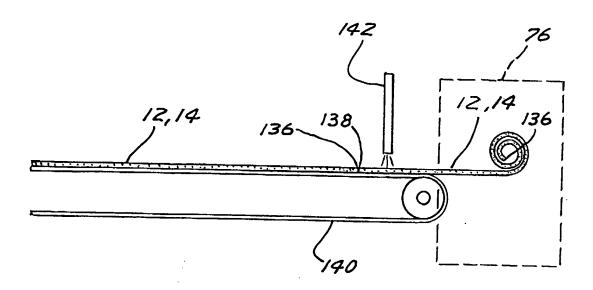


FIG. 3a



FILE 36

Labelless, Rolled Food Item And Its Fabrication

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The present invention generally relates to food items, particularly to rolled food items, more

5 particularly to coils of food supported on support material, and specifically to rolled food items or the like at least temporarily retained in a coiled condition without the use of a label during its fabrication.

The sale of snack-type food products is a highly

10 competitive business. In addition to the particular food components, increasingly the novelty and play value of the product are important in the marketability of any particular food item. For example, fruit-based snack products such as FRUIT ROLL-UPS fruit products have

15 found wide market acceptance. Likewise, U.S. Patent No. 4,882,175 recognized the enhanced marketability of chewing gum in the form of a rolled-up tape allowing the consumer the chance to break off the desired size of piece to chew, saving the rest for later.

Many foods such as dehydrated fruit puree do not lend themselves to forming rolled food items such as where the food is in a strip of a thinness generally requiring external support and/or where the food tends to stick to itself such that it creates a single mass which can not be unrolled. In such cases, support material and food supported thereon are rolled into a coil creating a novelty form of merchandising for that food. For example, FRUIT BY THE FOOT fruit products of the type disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,455,053 and 5,723,163 have enhanced play value which is believed to promote the marketability thereof.

During the fabrication of rolled food items, provisions have to be made to prevent the food item from unrolling during fabrication such as in the wrapping and other packaging operations. A prior preferred method to prevent undesired unrolling is the application of a label extending over the trailing edge of the support material.

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In addition to its functional aspects, the labels used to hold the rolled food items in a coiled condition can add to the novelty and play value of the rolled food item. Particularly, the label often includes graphics which are visually appealing to the typical consumer of the food of the rolled food item and/or which promote the future purchase of the rolled food item. However, problems arose from the labels which had not been appropriately discarded after their removal from the rolled food item being difficult to remove when adhered to surfaces such as desk tops. One solution to this problem was to provide novel labels for such rolled food items such as of the type disclosed in U.S. Patent Appln. No. 08/888,803 filed July

15 Another prior method to prevent unintentional unrolling is to utilize an edible adhesive such as corn syrup. However, corn syrup and similar adhesives have certain negatives including being an additive to the food which could affect its taste, texture, and/or appearance, 20 being messy while eating and also during application and fabrication and being generally difficult to work with.

7, 1997, which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide novel apparatus and methods for fabrication of a novel rolled food item which, in the preferred form, is retained at least temporarily in a coiled condition during fabrication such as in the wrapping and other packaging operations without the use of a label and which overcomes the negatives associated with the use of corn syrup and similar food adhesives.

Another object of the present invention is to allow the retention of the rolled food item in a coiled condition without the use of a label and without significant change to existing fabrication equipment and its operating conditions.

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Surprisingly, the above objectives and other problems can be satisfied in the field of rolled food items and

their fabrication by providing, at least in the preferred form, a first portion of the food adjacent the trailing edge having a moisture content greater than the remaining portions of the food and sufficient to increase the tackiness of the food to be adherable to the support material to retain the support material and food in a roll and to at least temporarily prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll during fabrication of the rolled food item.

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10 Viewed from one aspect the present invention provides a rolled food item comprising, in combination: a strip of support material and food, with the strip of support material and food having a trailing edge and a leading edge, with the strip of support material and food being rolled in a roll having a periphery and a 15 center, with the support material located on the outside of the roll, with the trailing edge located on the periphery of the roll, with the leading edge located adjacent the center of the roll, with the food having a first portion adjacent the trailing edge and a second portion of a substantially longer length than the first portion, with the first portion of the food having a moisture content greater than the moisture content of the second portion and so that the tackiness of the food is sufficient to adhere to the support material in the roll to at least temporarily prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll.

At least in the preferred form, the first portion of the food is formed by spraying a source of moisture, and in the most preferred form a food grade water free of adhesive type additives, onto the food adjacent to the trailing edge prior to its rolling into the roll.

Viewed from another aspect the present invention provides a method for fabricating a rolled food item, comprising the steps of: providing a strip of support material and food, with the strip of support material and food having a trailing edge and a leading edge, with the food having a tackiness; rolling the strip of support material and food into a roll having a periphery and a center, with the support material located on the outside of the roll, with the trailing edge located on the periphery of the roll and with the leading edge located adjacent the center of the roll; and spraying a deposit of a source of moisture at least on the food adjacent to the trailing edge prior to its rolling into the roll, with the source of moisture increasing the tackiness of the food sufficient to be adherable to the support material in the roll to at least temporarily prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll.

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Viewed from another aspect the present invention provides an apparatus for fabricating a rolled food item, comprising, in combination: means for providing a strip of support material and food, with the strip of support material and food having a trailing edge and a leading edge, with the food having a tackiness; means for rolling the strip of support material and food into a roll having a periphery and a center, with the support material located on the outside of the roll, with the trailing edge located on the periphery of the roll and with the leading edge located adjacent the center of the roll; means for spraying a deposit of a source of moisture at least on the food adjacent to the trailing edge prior to its rolling into the roll, with the source of moisture increasing the tackiness of the food sufficient to be adherable to the support material in the roll to at least temporarily prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll.

The present invention will become clearer in light of the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment of this invention described in connection with the drawings.

The illustrative embodiment may best be described by reference to the accompanying drawings where:

Figure 1 shows a top plan view of a strip of

support material and food according to the preferred teachings of the present invention, with portions broken away.

Figure 2 shows a side elevational view of the strip of support material and food of Figure 1 rolled into a roll to form a rolled food item.

Figures 3a and 3b show diagrammatic side elevational views of the apparatus for rolling the strip of support material and food of Figure 1 to form the rolled food item of Figure 2.

All figures are drawn for ease of explanation of the basic teachings of the present invention only; the extensions of the figures with respect to number, position, relationship, and dimensions of the parts to

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- form the preferred embodiment will be explained or will be within the skill of the art after the following description has been read and understood. Further, the exact dimensions and dimensional proportions to conform
- 5 to specific force, weight, strength, and similar requirements will likewise be within the skill of the art after the following description has been read and understood.

Where used in the various figures of the drawings,

10 the same numerals designate the same or similar parts.

Furthermore, when the terms "first", "second", "edge",

"end", "transverse", "longitudinal", "width", "length",

"height", "inner", "outer", "leading", "trailing", and

similar terms are used herein, it should be understood

15 that these terms have reference only to the structure

shown in the drawings as it would appear to a person

viewing the drawings and are utilized only to facilitate

describing the illustrative embodiment.

- 20 A rolled food item according to the preferred teachings of the present invention is shown in the drawings and generally designated 110. In the most preferred embodiment of the present invention, rolled food item 110 is an improvement of the type shown and 25 described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,205,106; 5,284,667; 5,455,053 and 5,723,163. For purpose of explanation of the basic teachings of the present invention, the same numerals designate the same or similar parts in the present figures and the figures of U.S. Patent Nos. 30 5,205,106; 5,284,667; 5,455,053 and 5,723,163. The description of the common numerals and rolled food item 110 may be found herein and in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,205,106; 5,284,667; 5,455,053 and 5,723,163, which are hereby
- 35 Generally, rolled food item 110 includes strips of

incorporated herein by reference.

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- 1 food 14 and support material 16 simultaneously rolled about its leading edge or end 136 into a coil. Food 14 is of a thinness requiring external support by support material 16. In the most preferred form, food 14 is a
- sweetened dehydrated fruit-based material typically referred to in the art as a fruit leather which can be derived from fruit purees and in the most preferred form is of the same type as utilized in the first, solid or "hard" portion or region of the dual textured food piece
- 10 described in U.S. Patent No. 4,847,098 issued July 11, 1989 to J.E. Langler and in U.S. Patent No. 4,853,236 issued August 1, 1989 to J.E. Langler, each entitled Dual Textured Food Piece of Enhanced Stability and each of which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.
- Support material 16 may be formed of any suitable material such as silicon parchment paper which has the necessary strength to support food 14 without tearing and without bulkiness to allow rolling of food 14 and support material 16 into a compact food piece and which allows

20 food 14 to be easily separated therefrom for consumption.

In the preferred form, the strip of food 14 has side edges spaced inwardly from the side edges of the strip of support material 16 and in the most preferred form are spaced in the order of one sixteenth inch (1.6 mm)

- 25 inwardly from the side edges of the strip of support material 16. Depending upon the method of fabrication, spacing the strip of food 14 inward of the side edges of the strip of support material 16 is advantageous as food 14 has less tendency to rub against the fabrication
- 30 equipment which is undesirable as the side edges of the strip of food 14 could acquire an unsightly or otherwise undesirable appearance and as food 14 could build up or otherwise collect on the fabrication equipment requiring extra cleaning and maintenance. In the preferred form,
- 35 the strip of food 14 does not extend beyond the leading end 136 and trailing edges or ends 138 of the strip of

support material 16 and in the most preferred form has a length equal to the length of the strip of support material 16 so that leading and trailing ends 136 and 138 of the strip of food 14 are coextensive with leading and trailing ends 136 and 138 of the strip of support material 16. Specifically, in the most preferred form, the strips of food 14 and support material 16 are formed continuously and are simultaneously cut to length such as by a water knife. In the preferred form, the width of the strip of support material 16 is minimal relative to its length and in the most preferred form, the strip of support material 16 has a width in the order of one and one-eighth inch (2.9 cm) and a length in the order of 36 inches (1 meter).

The strips of food 14 and support material 16 are

15 rolled around their leading edges or ends 136 into the
coil having multiple rotations with the strip of support
material 16 located on the outside of the roll or coil and
with trailing edge 138 of the strips of food 14 and
support material 16 located on the outside or periphery of
20 the roll or coil. In the most preferred form, when the
strips of food 14 and support material 16 are rolled, the
periphery of the coil or roll is in the order of four and
five-eighths inches (11.7 cm).

In the production of rolled food item 110, generally
one or more strips of food 14 and support material 16 are
transported in a generally planar condition such as on a
conveyor 140 towards a roll-up section 76. It can be
appreciated that strips of food 14 and support material 16
can be formed in a variety of manners according to the
teachings of the present invention including but not
limited to the type disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos.
5,205,106; 5,284,667; 5,455,053 and 5,723,163. Similarly,
roll-up section 76 can be of a variety of forms according
to the teachings of the present invention including but
not limited to the type utilizing a reciprocable,
rotatable tuning fork disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos.

1 5,205,106; 5,284,667; 5,455,053 and 5,723,163.

According to the teachings of the present invention, rather than providing a labeler and a label smasher as in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,205,106; 5,284,667; 5,455,053 and

- 5 5,723,163, one or more spray nozzles 142 are provided vertically above and spaced from conveyor 140 and spaced in a manner to not physically contact the strips of food 14 and support material 16 on conveyor 140 and upstream of roll-up section 76. According to the teachings of the
- present invention, nozzles 142 spray a source of moisture in the preferred form of a liquid consisting of food grade water. In the preferred form, the water is free of adhesive type additives such as corn syrup and in the most preferred form is free of all additives.
- In a preferred form, a fewer number of nozzles 142 are provided than the number of strips of food 14 and support material 16, with each nozzle 142 spraying a source of moisture over more than one strip of food 14 and support material 16. In this regard, four nozzles 142 could be
- provided to spray ten strips of food 14 and support material 16. In other forms, a separate nozzle 142 can be associated and transversely aligned with each strip of food 14 and support material 16. In such preferred forms, each nozzle 142 can have a spray pattern having a
- transverse width less than the width of the strip of support material 16, preferably less than the width of the strip of food 14, and most preferably approximately two thirds the width of the strip of food 14.

According to the teachings of the present invention,
operation of each nozzle 142 is not continuous, but rather
nozzles 142 spray a deposit 144 adjacent to trailing end
138 of the strips of food 14 and support material 16 and
in the most preferred form with deposit 144 having a
trailing end coextensive with the trailing end 138 of the
strips of food 14 and support material 16, with deposit
144 extending upstream from trailing end 138. Deposit 144
which defines a first portion has a relatively short

1 length considerably shorter than the remaining, second portion of the strips of food 14 and support material 16 and than the total elongated length of the strips of food 14 and support material 16, with deposit 144 in the most 5 preferred form being generally 10% of the elongated length of the strips of food 14 and support material 16. In the preferred form shown, deposit 144 has side edges spaced inwardly from and parallel to the side edges of food 14. According to the teachings of the present invention, the 10 remaining second portions of the strips of food 14 and support material 16 (other than deposit 144) are free of spray liquid. In this regard and in the most preferred form, air is blown through nozzles 142 after supply of the spray liquid has been terminated to nozzles 142 to remove 15 any droplets of spray liquid that have remained in the tip of nozzles 142 to insure that such droplets fall in deposit 144 and not after leading edge 136 of the next strip of food 14 and support material 16.

Food 14 as processed during fabrication has a moisture 20 content which enhances its shelf life, and particularly has a moisture content which does not result in food 14 undesirably degrading during normal storage times before consumption. With this moisture content, food 14 has a tackiness which may adhere to support material 16 when 25 rolled into a roll but typically which is insufficient to prevent unintentional unrolling during further fabrication processes such as wrapping and other packaging operations. However, food 14 within deposit 144 has an increased moisture content so that food 14 becomes sticky or in 30 other words has an increased tackiness sufficient to adhere to support material 16 in the roll to prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll at least temporarily during further fabrication processes. In the most preferred form, food 14 is fabricated in a continual 35 process and has a constant consistency (aside from moisture content) between the leading and trailing ends 136 and 138. In this regard, food 14 itself adheres to

support material 16 and specifically food 14 does not include an additive or adhesive which secures food 14 to support material 16.

The strips of food 14 and support material 16 including deposit 144 can be rolled in roll-up section 76 in the conventional manner so that support material 16 is located on the outside of the roll, trailing edge 138 is located on the periphery of the roll, and leading edge 136 is located adjacent the center of the roll and in the most 10 preferred form, with the strip of support material 16 and food 14 being rolled around leading end 136 which is cut and into a roll having multiple rotations. According to the teachings of the present invention, deposit 144 will cause food 14 adjacent to trailing end 138 to adhere to 15 support material 16 on the underlying wind of rolled food item 110 and specifically without requiring the use of a It should be appreciated that roll-up section 76 can include a pressure plate such as of the type disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,205,106; 5,284,667; 5,455,053 and 20 5,723,163 to place pressure upon and to adhere food 14 of increased tackiness within deposit 144 to support material 16 to thus secure the strip of food 14 and support material 16 in a rolled or coiled condition during later fabrication steps such as in wrapping and other packaging 25 operations.

The spray liquid should be applied by nozzles 142 in deposits 144 in an amount so that food 14 develops sufficient tackiness to be adherable to the strip of support material 16. Specifically, the adhesion of food 14 on support material 16 depends on the viscoelastic and the surface tension properties of food 14. Support material 16 is silicone coated in the most preferred form to achieve just enough cohesive bond between food 14 and support material 16, such that the former remains attached to the later during processing and storage. However, food 14 peels easily off support material 16 for consumption. Studies with adhesive strength of synthetic films showed that the

- 1 higher the wettability of the film, the greater the adhesive strength between the product and the film. The normal water activity of food 14 does not allow support material 16 (whose wettability has been reduced by silicone coating in 5 the preferred form) to adhere to trailing edge 138 of food 14 during the formation of rolled food item 110. According to the teachings of the present invention, the water activity of food 14 within deposit 144 at trailing edge 138 was increased by the application of the spray liquid just 10 before rolling in roll-up section 76. Because of the viscoelastic nature of food 14, the pressure applied in roll-up section 76 to trailing edge 138 of rolled food item 110 helps in the adhesion of deposit 144 of food 14 to the body of the roll. It was observed that too much moisture in 15 food 14 also decreases the adhesion characteristics of food 14.
- In this regard, a method was devised to measure the adhesion strength of the formed rolled food item 110. A texture analyzer, Model XT2, made by Stable Micro Systems, 20 England was used for this purpose. The sample holder consisted of an aluminum rod hinged between two clamps, which in turn were attached to a wooden base. The whole assembly was attached to the texture analyzer in such a way that the rod is positioned horizontally, crossways to the 25 operator, directly beneath the probe of the texture analyzer. A sample rolled food item 110 was collected as soon as rolled food item 110 was formed in roll-up section 76. A 1.2 cm by 1.2 cm VELCRO sticky back square was gently taped to rolled food item 110 in such a way that trailing 30 edge 138 of support material 16 aligns with an edge of the square. Rolled food item 110 was slipped into the aluminum rod and was placed in contact with the probe of texture analyzer already equipped with a complementary VELCRO sticky back square. The rod was then secured between the clamps, 35 and the tensile strength required to peel trailing edge 138

of rolled food item 110 was recorded. The separation speed of the probe was set at 2 mm/sec.

For proper adhesion of trailing edge 138 of the strip of support material 16 and food 14 to the roll body, a minimum adhesive strength of 42 grams-force/cm², measured through the peel off test as described above, was required. An adhesive strength of 100 to 300 grams-force/cm² was found to be optimum. A water activity above 0.59 in deposit 144 gives proper adhesion of rolled food item 110. However, a water activity above 0.64 results in less tacky products. The optimal range therefore, is 0.59-0.64 water activity for food 14 after the application of the spray liquid.

It should be appreciated that after fabrication has been completed, the spray liquid within deposit 144 over 15 time may decrease such as the result of evaporation or dispersion throughout the remaining portions of food 14 to be of an amount to reduce its tackiness, even to an amount which is insufficient to adhere food 14 to the strip of support material 16. However, the forces which would tend 20 to unintentionally unroll rolled food item 110 is considerably less after fabrication. In fact after fabrication, reduction of tackiness may desirably increase the ease at which rolled food item 110 can be initially, intentionally unrolled by the consumer. Additionally, the 25 evaporation and/or dispersion of the spray liquid from deposit 144 is also advantageous in the reduction of the possibility of the degradation of food 14 in deposit 144 as the result of the increased moisture content including but not limited to molding. In this regard, it should be 30 appreciated that if nozzles 142 were operated continuously or in a manner to spray substantial portions of the strip of food 14 and support material 16 in an amount to develop adhering tackiness, the shelf life of the resulting rolled food item could be significantly reduced to an extent 35 which would make it unmarketable.

- Rolled food item 110 according to the teachings of the present invention is advantageous over prior rolled food items. In particular, the strip of food 14 and support material 16 is contacted only by a spray and in particular
- is not mechanically contacted such as required during the application of labels. Further, in the most preferred form, only water is added and particularly no other food ingredient such as corn syrup is added which could affect the consistency, taste or appearance of food 14.
- 10 Additionally, problems in the handling of corn syrup or like food additives including clogging additive passages and stickiness when contacting other surfaces and apparatus components including the cleaning thereof is avoided when water is utilized. In fact, existing
- 15 fabrication equipment can be easily modified by the simple replacement of the labeler and associate label applying accessories or other fabrication unrolling prevention provisions with nozzles 142. In the preferred form with only water being sprayed, clogging and cleaning
- 20 requirements of nozzles 142 are minimized in comparison to the problems associated with moving and cleaning corn syrup or similar food adhesives. Additionally, the fabrication and inventory costs for labels as well as the capital costs associated with the fabrication and
- 25 application of such labels are avoided. Thus, existing fabrication equipment and its operating conditions can be utilized without significant change and in many cases with more trouble free operation.
- Now that the basic teachings of the present invention 30 have been explained, many extensions and variations will be obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art. For example, although the operation of spray nozzles 142 is shown while the strip of food 14 and support material 16 is being rolled adjacent to its leading end 136, deposit
- 35 144 can be provided at any position upstream of roll-up section 76 including while the strip of food 14 and support material 16 is generally in a planar condition

- 1 according to the teachings of the present invention. Similarly, although the operation of spray nozzles 142 is shown while the strip of food 14 and support material 16 is of its marketable length, deposit 144 can be sprayed
- on food 14 and support material 16 prior to cutting into multiple strips and/or cutting to length according to the teachings of the present invention when food 14 is continuously applied to continuous roll stock of support material 16.
- Thus since the invention disclosed herein may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or general characteristics thereof, some of which forms have been indicated, the embodiments described herein are to be considered in all respects
- illustrative and not restrictive. The scope of the invention is to be indicated by the appended claims, rather than by the foregoing description, and all changes which come within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are intended to be embraced therein.

CLAIMS

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- Method for fabricating a rolled food item, 1. comprising the steps of: providing a strip of support material and food, with the strip of support material and food having a trailing edge and a leading edge, with the food having a tackiness; rolling the strip of support material and food into a roll having a periphery and a center, with the support material located on the outside of the roll, with the trailing edge located on the periphery of the roll and with the leading edge located adjacent the center of the roll; and spraying a deposit of a source of moisture at least on the food adjacent to the trailing edge prior to its rolling into the roll, with the source of moisture increasing the tackiness of the food sufficient to be adherable to the support material in the roll to at least temporarily prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll.
- 20 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the strip providing step comprises the step of providing the strip of support material and food having an elongated length between the trailing and leading edges; and wherein the spraying step comprises the step of spraying the deposit of a length considerably shorter than the elongated length of the strip of support material and food.
 - 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the spraying step comprises the step of spraying the deposit with the length approximately 10% of the elongated length of the strip of support material and food.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein the spraying step comprises the step of spraying the deposit with a food grade water free of adhesive type additives.

5. The method of any preceding claim wherein the strip providing step comprises the steps of providing a strip of support material having side edges and providing food having side edges spaced inwardly from the side edges of the strip of support material.

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- 6. The method of any preceding claim wherein the spraying step comprises the step of spraying the deposit having side edges spaced inwardly from the side edges of the food.
- 7. The method of any preceding claim wherein the step of providing food comprises the step of providing a strip of food with the leading and trailing edges of the strip of food being coextensive with the leading and trailing edges of the strip of support material.
- 8. The method of any preceding claim wherein the spraying step comprises the step of spraying the deposit having a trailing edge coextensive with the trailing edge of the strip of food.
- The method of any preceding claim wherein the strip providing step comprises the step providing food in the form of a sweetened dehydrated fruit based material.
 - 10. The method of any preceding claim wherein the strip providing step comprises the step of providing the strip of support material in the form of silicon parchment paper.
- 11. Apparatus for fabricating a rolled food item, comprising, in combination: means for providing a strip of support material and food, with the strip of support material and food having a trailing edge and a leading edge, with the food having a tackiness; means for rolling the strip of support material and food into a

roll having a periphery and a center, with the support material located on the outside of the roll, with the trailing edge located on the periphery of the roll and with the leading edge located adjacent the center of the roll; means for spraying a deposit of a source of moisture at least on the food adjacent to the trailing edge prior to its rolling into the roll, with the source of moisture increasing the tackiness of the food sufficient to be adherable to the support material in the roll to at least temporarily prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll.

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- 12. The apparatus of claim 11 wherein the strip of support material and food has an elongated length between the trailing and leading edges; and wherein the deposit has a length considerably shorter than the elongated length of the strip of support material and food.
- 20 13. The apparatus of claim 11 or 12 wherein the strip of support material and food comprises the strip of support material having side edges and a strip of food having side edges spaced inwardly of the side edges of the strip of support material, with the leading and trailing edges of the strip of food being coextensive with the leading and trailing edges of the strip of support material, with the deposit having side edges spaced inwardly from the side edges of the strip of food and having a trailing edge coextensive with the trailing edge of the strip of food.
 - 14. Rolled food item comprising, in combination: a strip of support material and food, with the strip of support material and food having a trailing edge and a leading edge, with the strip of support material and food being rolled in a roll having a periphery and a center, with the support material located on the outside of the roll,

with the trailing edge located on the periphery of the roll, with the leading edge located adjacent the center of the roll, with the food having a first portion adjacent the trailing edge and a second portion of a substantially longer length than the first portion, with the first portion of the food having a moisture content greater than the moisture content of the second portion and so that the tackiness of the food is sufficient to adhere to the support material in the roll to at least temporarily prevent unintentional unrolling of the roll.

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- 15. The rolled food item of claim 14 wherein the first portion has a length approximately 10% of the length of the strip of support material and food between the trailing and leading edges.
- 16. The rolled food item of claim 14 or 15 wherein the food has side edges spaced inwardly from the side edges of the strip of support material and with the first portion having side edges spaced inwardly from the side edges of the food.
- 17. The rolled food item of claim 14, 15 or 16 wherein the food comprises a strip of food having leading and trailing edges coextensive with the leading and trailing edges of the strip of the support material, with the first portion having a trailing edge coextensive with the trailing edge of the strip of food.
- 18. The rolled food item of any of claims 14 to 17 wherein the food is in the form of a sweetened dehydrated fruit based material.
- 19. The rolled food item of any of claims 14 to 1835 wherein the support material is in the form of silicon parchment paper.

- 20. The rolled food item of any of claims 14 to 19 wherein the strip of food has the same consistency between the trailing and leading edges aside from increased moisture content in the first portion.
- 21. A method of fabricating a rolled food item substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.
- 22. Apparatus for fabricating a rolled food item substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to Figures 3a and 3b of the accompanying drawings.
- 23. A rolled food item substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

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Application No:

GB 0109973.8

Claims searched: 1-23

Examiner:

Peter Trickey

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Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:

UK Cl (Ed.S): A2B (BMB11, BMB19, BMB21, BMC2, BMC7, BMC12, BMC17,

BMP1, BMP5)

Int Cl (Ed.7): A21C 9/06; A21D 13/00, 13/08; A23G 3/00, 3/02; A23L 1/212; A23P

1/08

Other: Online: EPODOC, WPI, JAPIO

Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	Identity of document and relevant passage		Relevant to claims
X	US 5853836 A	(Zoss) See entire document, especially Figure 2 and column 3 lines 35-57	1, 9-11
X	US 5455053 A	(Zimmermann) See entire document, especially column 2 line 53 to column 3 line 10	1, 9-11
x	US 3798343 A	(Vitale) See entire document, especially Figures 2-3	1, 11
X	US 3704664 A	(Fisher) See entire document	1, 11

X Document indicating lack of novelty or inventive step
 Y Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.

mbined P Docu y. filing

A Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.
P Document published on or after the declared priority date but before the filing date of this invention.

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Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier than, the filing date of this application.